Statement

The details of funds allocated to Rajasthan state for Centrally Sponsored Schemes and programmes for the development of health during 2003-04,2004-05 and 2005-06

(Rs. in lakhs)

SI. No.	Name of Schemes	Funds allocated under the scheme		
		2003-04	2004-05	2005-06
1.	National Leprosy Eradication Prog	28.85	55.50	34.00
2.	National Blindness Control Prog.	421.94	93.33	27.07
3.	National Goiter Control Prog.	6.00	6.00	6.00
4.	Drug Testing Laboratory	0.01	0.01	4.00
5.	Food Testing Laboratory	17.30	0.01	0.01
6.	National Cancer Control Prog.	0.01	0.01	0.01
7.	Trauma Units National Highways	—	116.80	0.01
8.	Mukhya Mantry Jeevan Raksha Kosh	100.00	300.00	200.00
9.	National AIDS Control Prog.	0.01	0.01	—
10.	National Malaria Eradication Prog. (Rural)	704.49	398.00	652.12
11.	National T.B. Prog.	333.00	227.00	42.18
12.	National Rural Health Mission	—	—	9368.00
13.	National Family Welfare Prog.	13190.64	16651.97	13367.28
14.	European Commission Sector Investment Programme	800.00	1600.00	2300.00

Rural Health Schemes in Rajasthan

1271. DR. GYAN PRAKASH PILANIA: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) the details of programmes/schemes being implemented in Rajasthan under Rural Health Scheme;

(b) the targets fixed for the year 2006-07;

(c) the details of success of these programmes alorvgwith the details of funds allocated under the scheme; and

(d) the status of health-scenario in Rajasthan, as compared to various national parameters, parameter-wise?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRIMATIPANABAKALAKSHMI): (a) The programmes being implemented in the State of Rajasthan under Rural Health Scheme are National Leprosy Eradication Programme, National Blindness Control Programme, National Goiter Control Programme, National AIDS Control Programme, National Malaria Eradication Programme [Rural], National T.B. Control Programme and National Rural Health Mission.

(b) and (c) National Blindness Control Programme has the target of performing 2.50 lakhs cataract operations. Under National Malaria Eradication Programme, the target of 7.50 lakhs blood slide collection has been fixed and under National TB Control Programme, total case detection of 106133 and positive case detection of 39332 has been the target fixed. Under National Rural Health Mission, training of 46000 ASHAs has been taken up, mainstreaming of AYUSH has been achieved in 32 district hospitals, 325 Community Health Centres (CHCs) and 300 PHCs, village plan of 10,000 villages has been done, 64 CHCs have been chosen for upgradation to Indian Public Health Standards (IPHS), 10512 Sub-centres have been given untied funds, 1725 PHCs have been strengthened, and 325 CHCs have been strengthened.

An amount of Rs. 89.51 lakhs has been allocated during 2006-07 under National Leprosy Eradication Programme. Under National Blindness Control Programme, an amount of Rs. 346.00 lakhs and Under National TB Control Programme, an amount of Rs. 400 lakhs has been allocated during 2006-07. The amount allocated under National Rural Health Mission during 2006-07 is Rs. 400 crores.

(d) In Rajasthan, under National Tuberculosis Control Programme, the annual risk of Tuberculosis infection is 1.6%, a cure rate of 86% and a Tuberculosis case detection rate of 77% as against the National figures of 1.5%, 84% and 66% respectively. National Prevalence Rate of Leprosy is 0.84 and that of Government of Rajasthan is 0.24 as on June 2006. National Rate of Blindness of Government of Rajasthan is 1.55% as against the National Rate of 1.4%.